



“He is Risen”

Mark 16:1-8

Introduction

- Many deny, redefine, or ridicule the Resurrection
- Scripture confirms the Resurrection through eyewitness as a historical reality
- The Resurrection is central to God's redemptive plan

I. True Witnesses to the Resurrection (Mark 16:1–3)

- Women were eyewitnesses of death, burial, resurrection
- Their testimony confirms historical reality
- God uses faithful witnesses to establish the truth of the Resurrection

II. Angelic Affirmation of the Resurrection (Mark 16:5)

- Angels affirmed the resurrection
- "He is not here — He has risen"
- God confirms truth through angelic testimony
- Womens' response: "amazed" (astonished terror and amazement)

III. The Confirmation of Resurrection (Mark 16:6–7)

- Jesus' own words fulfilled (Mark 8:31, 9:31, 10:33-34)
- Resurrection accomplished by the Trinity ("has been raised")

God the Father (Acts 2:42, Rom 4:24-25)

God the Spirit (Romans 8:11)

God the Son (John 2:19, 10:18)

- Victory over death is complete

IV. Response to the Resurrection (Mark 16:8)

- Fear and astonishment turn to obedience
- From silence to proclamation
- Encounter with resurrection transforms lives

Implication 1

The Resurrection proves Jesus is the Son of God

- All His claims are validated
- He is Lord over all

Implication 2

The Resurrection certified that the Father had accepted the sacrifice of the Son

- Justification is secured (Romans 4:25)
- Salvation is by grace through faith

Implication 3

Jesus has authority over death

- He holds the keys of life and death (Revelation 1:17)
- Eternal life is found in Him (John 14:6)

Implication 4

Believers have assurance of a resurrection

- Christ is the first fruits
- We will be raised with Him

1 Cor 15:20-23

Conclusion

- Jesus is risen
- He calls to faith and repentance
- Hope of eternal life through Christ alone